

acc. to Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR)

# **POR-15 FORD RED ENGINE ENAMEL**

Version number: GHS 2.0 Revision: 2024-02-15 Replaces version of: 2023-02-13 (GHS 1)

### 1 Identification

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name POR-15 FORD RED ENGINE ENAMEL

Product code(s) 42098

# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Paint

# 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

P.O.R. Products 38 Portman Road New Rochelle NY 10801 United States

Telephone: +1 914-636-0700 e-mail: support@porproducts.com Website: www.porproducts.com

e-mail (competent person) support@porproducts.com

# 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service 1-800-255-3924 ChemTel Inc.

### 2 Hazard identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
2.6	flammable liquid	3	Flam. Liq. 3	H226
3.1I	acute toxicity (inhal.)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H332
3.45	skin sensitization	1	Skin Sens. 1	H317
3.5	germ cell mutagenicity	1B	Muta. 1B	H340
3.6	carcinogenicity	1A	Carc. 1A	H350
3.9	specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	1	STOT RE 1	H372
3.10	aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

#### 2.2 Label elements

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# Labeling

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08







#### - Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Harmful if inhaled. H332

H340 May cause genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### - Precautionary statements

Obtain special instructions before use. P201

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or

shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).

Do NOT induce vomiting. P331

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish. P370+P378

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling

stoddard solvent, 2-butanone oxime, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, Distillates (petro-

leum), hydro-treated light

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# 2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of  $\geq$  0.1%.

# 3 Composition/ Information on ingredients

# 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
stoddard solvent	CAS No 8052-41-3	30 - < 60	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Muta. 1B / H340 Carc. 1A / H350 STOT RE 1 / H372 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CAS No 108-65-6	1-<5	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	CAS No 64742-48-9	1-<5	Flam. Liq. 1 / H224 Muta. 1B / H340 Carc. 1A / H350 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	CAS No 64742-47-8	0.1 - < 1	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304
2-butanone oxime	CAS No 96-29-7	0.1 – < 1	Flam. Liq. 4 / H227 Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Carc. 1B / H350 STOT SE 1 / H370 STOT SE 3 / H336 STOT RE 2 / H373
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesul- phurized heavy	CAS No 64742-82-1	< 0.1	Flam. Liq. 1 / H224 Muta. 1B / H340 Carc. 1A / H350 STOT RE 1 / H372 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medi- um aliph.	CAS No 64742-88-7	< 0.1	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 STOT RE 1 / H372 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304

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#### Remarks

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

### 4 First-aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

#### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

#### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

#### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

# 5 Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

#### Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

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#### **6 Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

# 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

### 7 Handling and storage

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

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# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapors or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

# 8 Exposure controls/ Personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

# Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Nota- tion	Source
CA	1-methoxy-2-pro- pyl acetate	108-65-6	OEL (BC)	50		75					"BC Reg- ulation"
CA	propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	108-65-6	OEL (ON)	50	270						Regula- tion 833
CA	propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	108-65-6	OEL (ON- MoL)	50	270						MoL
CA	diiron trioxide	1309-37-1	OEL (AB)		5					r	OHS Code
CA	diiron trioxide (rouge)	1309-37-1	PEV/ VEA		5					df, Fe	Regula- tion OHS
CA	iron(III) oxide	1309-37-1	OEL (BC)		5					Fe, dust	"BC Reg- ulation"
CA	iron(III) oxide	1309-37-1	OEL (BC)		5		10			Fe, fume	"BC Reg- ulation"
CA	iron(III) oxide	1309-37-1	OEL (ON- MoL)		5					r	MoL
CA	rouge	1309-37-1	OEL (BC)		10					dust, noAsb_l ess1Sil	"BC Reg- ulation"

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# Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Nota- tion	Source
CA	rouge	1309-37-1	OEL (BC)		3					r, noAsb_l ess1Sil	"BC Reg- ulation"
CA	stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	OEL (AB)	100	572						OHS Code
CA	stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	OEL (ON- MoL)	100							MoL
CA	stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	PEV/ VEA	100	525						Regula- tion OHS
CA	Stoddard solvent (mineral spirits)	8052-41-3	OEL (BC)		290		580				"BC Reg- ulation"

Notation

Ceiling-C df ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

as dust and fumes

dust as dust

calculated as Fe (iron)

fume as fume

noAsb\_less1S contains no asbestos and less than 1% free crystalline silica

respirable fraction

short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period STEL

(unless otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-

weighted average (unless otherwise specified

# Relevant DNELs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	DNEL	44 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	DNEL	55 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	DNEL	44 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	DNEL	55 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	DNEL	80 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	DNEL	30 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
2-methoxy-1-methyl- ethyl acetate	108-65-6	DNEL	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
2-methoxy-1-methyl- ethyl acetate	108-65-6	DNEL	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects

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# Relevant DNELs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
2-methoxy-1-methyl- ethyl acetate	108-65-6	DNEL	796 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	DNEL	9 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	DNEL	3.33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	DNEL	1.3 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	DNEL	2.5 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects

# **Relevant PNECs of components**

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	PNEC	0.14 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	PNEC	0.35 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	PNEC	1.14 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	PNEC	0.14 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
2-methoxy-1-methyl- ethyl acetate	108-65-6	PNEC	0.635 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
2-methoxy-1-methyl- ethyl acetate	108-65-6	PNEC	0.064 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
2-methoxy-1-methyl- ethyl acetate	108-65-6	PNEC	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
2-methoxy-1-methyl- ethyl acetate	108-65-6	PNEC	3.29 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
2-methoxy-1-methyl- ethyl acetate	108-65-6	PNEC	0.329 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
2-methoxy-1-methyl- ethyl acetate	108-65-6	PNEC	0.29 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	PNEC	0.256 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	PNEC	177 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)

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# 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

# Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

# Skin protection

# - Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

# - Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

# Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

#### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# 9 Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Color	not determined
Odor	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	≥-20 °C at 101.3 kPa
Flammability	flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria
Lower and upper explosion limit	1.4 vol% - 7.6 vol%
Flash point	40 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	232 °C (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	not determined

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Kinematic viscosity	not determined
Solubility(ies)	not determined

### Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	this information is not available
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Vapor pressure	≤240 kPa at 37.8 °C
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### Density and/or relative density

Density	not determined
Relative vapour density	information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
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#### 9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	there is no additional information
Other safety characteristics	

Solid content	0.3314 %

# 10 Stability and reactivity

# 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

#### If heated:

Risk of ignition

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

### Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

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# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# 11 Toxicological information

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

# Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Harmful if inhaled.

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Inhalation: vapour >15.94 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>l</sub>/4h

### Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	inhalation: vapour	>5.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h
Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light	64742-47-8	inhalation: vapour	>5.28 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	dermal	>1,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	inhalation: vapour	>4.83 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub> /4h
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	64742-88-7	inhalation: vapour	>5.28 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub> /4h

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

# Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

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Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

# 12 Ecological information

# 12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	LC50	0.18 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	LL50	41.4 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	EL50	2.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	96 h
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	EC50	0.58 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	96 h
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	LC50	180 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	EC50	>500 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	ErC50	>1,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	96 h
Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drotreated heavy	64742-48-9	LL50	8.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drotreated heavy	64742-48-9	EL50	4.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light	64742-47-8	LL50	5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light	64742-47-8	EL50	1.4 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	LC50	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	fish	96 h
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	EC50	201 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	ErC50	11.8 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	72 h
naphtha (petroleum), hy- drodesulphurized heavy	64742-82-1	LL50	8.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	64742-82-1	EL50	4.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h

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Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
solvent naphtha (petro- leum), medium aliph.	64742-88-7	LL50	5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
solvent naphtha (petro- leum), medium aliph.	64742-88-7	EL50	1.4 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h

# Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	EL50	1.19 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	EC50	0.33 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	LC50	63.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	14 d
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	EC50	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drotreated heavy	64742-48-9	EL50	10 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	21 d
Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drotreated heavy	64742-48-9	EC50	15.41 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	microorganisms	40 h
Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light	64742-47-8	EL50	0.89 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	EC50	≥100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	64742-82-1	EL50	10 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	21 d
naphtha (petroleum), hy- drodesulphurized heavy	64742-82-1	EC50	15.41 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	microorganisms	40 h
solvent naphtha (petro- leum), medium aliph.	64742-88-7	EL50	0.89 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	21 d

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB. Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of  $\geq$  0.1%.

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# 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

# 13 Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

#### **Remarks**

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

### 14 Transport information

environment)

14.1	UN number	
	UN RTDG	UN 1263
	IMDG-Code	UN 1263
	ICAO-TI	UN 1263
14.2	UN proper shipping name	
	UN RTDG	PAINT
	IMDG-Code	PAINT
	ICAO-TI	Paint
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	UN RTDG	3
	IMDG-Code	3
	ICAO-TI	3
14.4	Packing group	
	UN RTDG	III
	IMDG-Code	III
	ICAO-TI	III
14.5	Environmental hazards	hazardous to the aquatic environment
	Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic	stoddard solvent

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# 14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

# 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

# **Information for each of the UN Model Regulations**

# Transport information - National regulations - Additional information (UN RTDG)

UN number 1263 Class 3

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Packing group III

Danger label(s) 3, fish and tree





Special provisions (SP) 163, 223, 367 (UN RTDG)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1 (UN RTDG)
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L (UN RTDG)

#### International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Marine pollutant Yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 3, fish and tree





Special provisions (SP) 163, 223, 367, 955

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L
EmS F-E, S-E
Stowage category A

### International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP) A3, A72, A192

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 10 L

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# 15 Regulatory information

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question National regulations (United States)

#### Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III )

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

#### **Clean Air Act**

none of the ingredients are listed

#### **Right to Know Hazardous Substance List**

- Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Functionality	Authoritative Lists
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3		ATSDR Neurotoxicants EC Annex VI CMRs - Cat. 1B
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9		Canada PBiTs EC Annex VI CMRs - Cat. 1B
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7		EC Annex VI CMRs - Cat. 1B
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	64742-82-1		Canada PBiTs EC Annex VI CMRs - Cat. 1B

# - Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References	Remarks
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	A, O	
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	A, N, O	

#### Legend

A American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH

O Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Safety and Health Standards, Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910, subpart Z, "Toxic and Hazardous Substances, 1990." General information: Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Occupational Safety and Health Division

# - Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	8052-41-3		F2
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3		F2

#### Legend

F2 Flammable - Second Degree

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N National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), "Recommendations for Occupational Safety and Health Standards," August 1988, available from NIOSH, Publications Dissemination Office, Division of Standards Development and Technology Transfer



acc. to Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR)

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# - Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323) (PA-RTK)

Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Classification
STODDARD SOLVENT	8052-41-3	

### - Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	8052-41-3	Т
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	Т

Legend

T Toxicity (ACGIH®)

# Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

### **NPCA-HMIS® III**

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	2	temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temper- atures before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

### **NFPA® 704**

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temper- atures before ignition can occur
Health	2	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

# **National regulations (Canada)**

### Domestic Substances List (DSL)/Non-domestic Substances List (NDSL)

All ingredients are listed or exempt from listing.

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# **POR-15 FORD RED ENGINE ENAMEL**

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# 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

# 16 Other information

### Key literature references and sources for data

Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR)

SOR/2022-272: Regulations Amending the Hazardous Products Regulations (GHS, Seventh Revised Edition)

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

# **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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